

Biodiversity Record: A long-tailed sun skink at Pang Sua Park Connector

Chen Xuanhe

Email: xuanhezen@gmail.com

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Subject: Long-tailed sun skink, *Eutropis longicaudata* (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae).

Subject identified by: Chen Xuanhe.

Location, date and time: Singapore Island, Pang Sua Park Connector in the Yew Tee area; 6 February 2026; around 1700 hrs.

Habitat: Urban parkland.

Observer: Chen Xuanhe.

Observation: A juvenile example of approximately 9 cm (total length) was observed on the concrete pavement (Fig. 1).

Remarks: This appears to be the first record of a juvenile long-tailed sun skink in Singapore. The species is believed to be introduced there and is presently known to occur only in the north-western part of Singapore Island (Figueroa et al., 2023). The latest record was of an adult attacking a spotted house gecko along Lim Chu Kang Road near Jalan Bahar (Chen, 2025). The presence of a juvenile suggests that this species is established in Singapore.



Fig. 1. In-situ dorso-lateral view of the subject (Photograph by: Chen Xuanhe).

Literature cited:

Chen X (2025) Biodiversity Record: Apparent predation by long-tailed sun skink on spotted house gecko. Nature in Singapore, 18: e2025112. DOI: 10.26107/NIS-2025-0112

Figueroa A, Low MEY & Lim KKP (2023) Singapore's herpetofauna: updated and annotated checklist, history, conservation, and distribution. Zootaxa, 5287: 1–378.