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FOURTEENTH INTERNATIONAL MARINE BIOLOGY WORKSHOP 2006: THE MARINE FLORA AND FAUNA OF SINGAPORE

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INTRODUCTION

The 14th International Marine Biological Workshop was held at the Tropical Marine Science Institute on St John's Island in the Singapore Straits from 26th March to 15th April 2006. This workshop was undertaken as part of an international series encompassing wide-ranging research done in Hong Kong and Australia over the last 30 years (e.g. see Morton, 2003; Wells et al., 2005; Davie & Phillips, 2008). Six international participants from Australia, Denmark, The Netherlands and USA together with six local participants attended the workshop proper in Singapore. Possibly due to Singapore's rapid economic growth, sustained coastal development and a fair history of scientific work carried out previously, the response to invitations to participate in the workshop was initially somewhat equivocal and muted. Many marine habitats in Singapore have either entirely disappeared or changed significantly. After all, coastal reclamation had increased the land area of Singapore from some 525 km² to the current 720 km² in the last 50 years. Singapore's marine flora and fauna, in relative terms, are arguably better known to science than many other tropical countries. Was there anything left in Singapore that is worth studying this millennium? Were we overly optimistic (and naïve) to organize a workshop as part of a distinguished series, which had for a number of recent venues near-pristine marine ecosystems at the scientists' disposal to satisfy their search for new discoveries?

We were mistaken. Participants who came to the workshop were enthusiastic despite the small turnout. St John's Island and other islets in the vicinity were probably never subjected to such scientific scrutiny, and it was not long before the scientists were working hard against time to complete the fieldwork. It was even more heartening to receive manuscripts from non-participants many months after the workshop. This resulted in several more contributions to make up this supplement. Taken together, this volume comprises peer-reviewed, original taxonomic and ecological papers on marine algae, sponges, scleractinian corals, zoanthids, sea anemones, nereidid polychaetes, marine mites, bopyrid isopods, false limpets, sap-sucking slugs, and fish. In addition, a view on how marine habitats in Singapore could be managed sustainably in spite of various inherent limitations, is also included.

The results revealed our surprising ignorance for Singapore's marine biodiversity. A total of 38 new records of marine macroalgae are documented from artificial and natural habitats by Lee et al. (2009), of which nearly a third have their previously known geographical distributions now extended; Lim et al. (2009) documented 64 species of sponges from subtidal communities on navigation buoys, of which eight are new records for Singapore or the region; 33 of the 161 species of scleractinian (hard) coral reported upon by Huang (2009) are new records for Singapore, including a new species of an attached fungiid coral (*Podabacia kunzmanni*) described by Hoeksema (2009). Despite these new findings, the precarious and uncertain position of Singapore's coral reefs is nevertheless real, as revealed by the distribution of sponges in the Southern Islands (de Voogd & Cleary, 2009) as well as via an assessment of historical records of a charismatic coral family, the Fungiidae (Hoeksema & Koh, 2009). Amongst the other cnidarian groups, five

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putative species of Zoanthidae are reported for the first time from Singapore (Reimer & Todd, 2009) as well as ten new records of sea anemones (Fautin et al., 2009). The ecological relationship between gorgonian sea fans and a gobioid fish is described in detail by Sih & Chouw (2009). With the higher invertebrates, Chan (2009) provides six new records of nereidid polychaetes from Singapore mangroves. Three new species of marine mites (Bartsch, 2009) and a new species of water mite (Smit, 2009) are also described. A further 40 species of marine mites and one other species of water mite are reported upon for the first time from Singapore. Some 11 species of parasitic isopods living inside various decapod crustaceans, and a similar number of shellless sacoglossan gastropods living on algae, are described by Markham (2009) and Jensen (2009), respectively. Stone revetments and seawalls are now a predominant intertidal habitat in Singapore. A descriptive ecology and analysis of distribution of species on such revetments is provided by Lee et al. (2009) and Lee & Sin (2009). An account of the reproductive ecology and seasonality of Siphonaria on a seawall is given by Chim & Tan (2009). Goh (2009) discusses the challenges of a science-based approach adopted in Singapore to manage and sustain marine habitats amidst various constraints.

The wide range of taxonomic groups covered in this volume reflects the diversity and resilience of marine organisms residing in Singapore despite continued coastal transformation. It is hoped that this collection of articles will provide a necessary baseline for more studies on Singapore biodiversity, their ecology and conservation, so that a better balance can be achieved between development, conservation and rehabilitation of the marine environment, in Singapore and the region.

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